

THE SPECTRUM OF RESPONSES TO ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG USE

AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION'S EXPERIENCE

CREATING THE NEXT

Continuum of care



Primary Prevention Secondary Prevention Tertiary Prevention Recovery Support

AlcoholEdu

Screenings + Brief Intervention
AOD Evaluations

Treatment

Collegiate Recovery 12-step



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Learning Objectives



- Identify two opportunities to strengthen collaboration at the campus or system level.
- Describe the role of social media in prevention efforts.
- Identify effective screening tools to identify high-risk behaviors.





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Beloit: Mindset List Class of 2018

- Joe Camel has never introduced one of them to smoking (2018)
- Nicotine has always been recognized as an addictive drug requiring FDA oversight (2018)
- "Press pound" on the phone is now translated as "hit hashtag." (2018)



Things that baffle others...

They need to plan ahead so they don't find themselves "dankrupt." (2019)

 One of a variety of painful declarations that we are out of weed.

Slurring "textroverts" have always been a fact of social life. (2019)

 If you're too drunk to say it face to face, you probably should wait until morning before you start texting.



"We don't have a choice on whether we DO social media, the question is how well we DO it."

- Erik Qualman

Georgia Tech



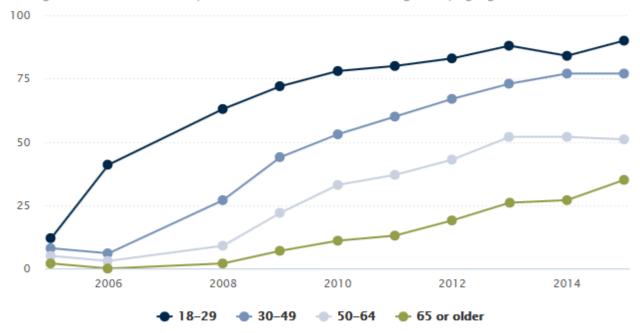
"No, you weren't downloaded.
Your were born."



Young Adults Still Are the Most Likely to Use Social Media

Chart Data Embed

Among all American adults, % who use social networking sites, by age



Source: Pew Research Center surveys, 2005-2006, 2008-2015. No data are available for 2007.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

Alcohol culture on social media



- Jack Daniels 1st alcohol company to advertise on Twitter with their promoted trend #JackDanielsHoney (Dugan, 2011)
- Bud Light among the first to use age screened accounts during their #WhatsYourSuperstition campaign (Jain, 2013)

Alcohol Culture on Social Media



- "Drunk" peeked on Saturdays, SuperBowl Sunday, Saint Patrick's Day, Independence Day, & Thanksgiving among random sample of tweets (Ramezani, et al., 2014)
- Alcohol is referenced on the majority of college students Facebook pages (Egan & Moreno, 2011; Moreno et al., 2010)
- About 15% of college students report following alcohol related Twitter accounts (Hoffman et al., 2014)

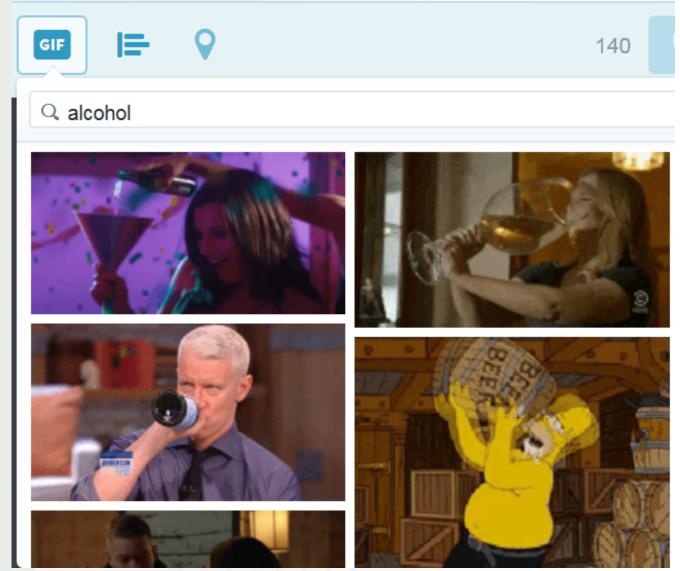
Marijuana on twitter



- Pro-marijuana tweets outnumber antimarijuana tweets by a factor of > 15.
- The most common themes, in descending order
 - Tweeter wants/plans to use marijuana
 - Tweets about frequent/heavy or regular marijuana use
 - MJ has health benefits and/or should be legalized (Cavos et al., 2015)

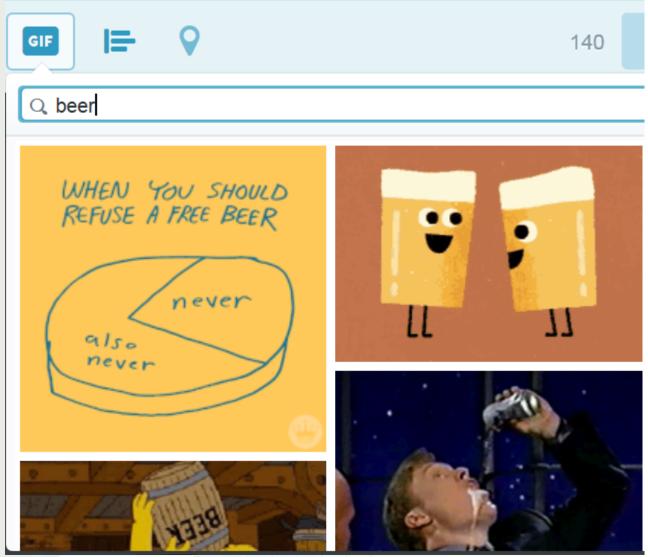
Graphics Interchange Format (GIF)











@GTCounseling





This account is only for announcements of the Georgia Tech Counseling Center. This account is not monitored for replies. Any message tweeted "@" or otherwise directed to the Counseling Center via Twitter will not be read.

know the five signs

If you need to contact the Counseling Center, call (404) 894-2575 or visit the Center in Rm. 238. Student Services Building, M-F 8:00 am - 5:00 pm.



To speak to an after-hours counselor on-call, call (404) 894-2575 and follow the voice prompts. If you are in an immediate emergency, call 911.



Counseling Center

GT Counseling Center

@GTCounseling Follows you

Educating students for life by providing nsychological and educational services **TWEETS** 2.504 **FOLLOWING** 204

FOLLOWERS 469

LIKES 111

LISTS



Tweets Tweets & replies Media



GT Counseling Center @GTCounseling · 23m

Thanks for the follow, Alyson Salas

Who to follow · Refresh · View all



JohnsHopkinsMedicine < Followed by Healthy Habits



@BuzzOnHealthGT



How can Health Promotion help you succeed at Georgia Tech?



AlcoholEdu® / Haven

Condom Availability Program

Dietitian Consultations

Eating Disorder Treatment Team

Free HIV Testing

Health Educator Consultations

Online Mental Health Screening

Sexual Violence Victim-Survivor Advocacy

Tobacco Cessation

Yoga for EveryBody

@buzzonhealthGT









www.healthpromotion.gatech.edu 404-894-9980



Social Media Objectives (CDC, 2011)



Highlight content

Spark action

Encourage awareness of an issue

Screening for Mental Health, Inc. - College Response #KnowYourScoreGT





TAKE A SCREENING

ARTICLES

PRIVACY POLICY

How are you feeling?

Mental health is a key part of your overall health. This program is anonymous & confidential.

Following the brief questionnaire you will see your results, recommendations, & key resources.

Follow #KnowYourScoreGT for more additional messages related to health screenings.

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



TAKE A SCREENING

College Response *Academic year 2014-2015*



Drink, Drank, Drunk

It doesn't take much to go

From one extreme to the other

#KnowYourScoreGT

Objectives:

- Maintain a social media presence
- Increase utilization of service

College Response Campaign



- Monthly posts
 Facebook & Twitter
- Postcard to all students living on campus
- Table events with free t-shirts for completion (National Alcohol Screening Day)





College Response: Outcomes

196%

Screening	2013	2014	2015
Total	290	857	518
Depression	-	206	141
Alcohol	-	200	98
Bipolar	-	78	48
Eating Disorder	-	144	69
General Anxiety Disorder	-	202	132
Post Traumatic Stress Disorder	-	27	28

Completion numbers based on July 1-June 30



Received recognition from the Screening for Mental Health, Inc. as a Top 10 Online Screening Site for National Alcohol Screening Day 2015





Academic Year: 2015-2016







AlcoholEdu I liked the fact that the material was presented from a perspective designed to inform students about alcohol rather than attempting to frighten them to abstain from alcohol use. It was logical, structured, and interesting. I learned more than I expected.

Haven I thought the information was something everything should know, especially on a college campus. I also liked how much it was emphasized that one should never blame a victim of sexual assault.

Welcome Incoming Students

You Have an Upcoming Deadline!

healthpromotion.gatech.edu

Georgia Health Tech Promotion

AlcoholEdu for college



Student

Engagement

The Student Engagement Report lists students who have expressed interest in specific healthy activities.

Get Report

Recovery Support

0 students would like to be contacted by your school to learn more about alcohol and other drug addiction recovery related programs and services available on your campus.

VIEW | EXPORT

Go Purple Day...





Georgia Tech Health Promotion added 26 new photos to the album: #GoPurpleGT Preparation!

Published by Tammy Turner [?] · September 15, 2015 · ℯ

Preparing bracelets to use at #GoPurpleGT events. Thanks to the International Student Spouse Support group for creating bracelets to support people in recovery.



Get More Likes, Comments and Shares Boost this post for \$5 to reach up to 720 people.

403 people reached

Boost Post

6

1 Share 🌃 ▼

343 People Reached 34 Likes, Comments & Shares 29 Likes On Post On Shares On Post On Shares Comments 2 1 Shares On Post On Shares 1,077 Post Clicks 1,001 Other Clicks (i) Photo Views Link Clicks NEGATIVE FEEDBACK O Hide Post O Hide All Posts O Report as Spam O Unlike Page

#gopurplegt

Top Live Accounts

Photos

Videos

More options v





GT Counseling Center @GTCounseling · 30 Sep 2015

Thanks to everyone who took part in **#GoPurpleGT** last week! For Recovery Program info, visit b.gatech.edu/1YOXT0c





GT Health Promotion @buzzonhealthgt · 25 Sep 2015

Have you seen the @GeorgiaTech Collegiate Recovery Programs: "Addiction and Art" counseling.gatech.edu/content/469/ad... #RecoveryMonth
#GoPurpleGT







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GTCC AOD Clinical Services



- Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Team
 - Erin English, Ph.D., Licensed Psychologist
 - Lacy Currie, Ph.D., Licensed Psychologist
 - Jennifer Fortner, M.D., Psychiatrist
 - Patsy Rowan, Psy.D., Postdoctoral Fellow
 - Kathleen Clark, LPC, Pre-doctoral Intern
 - Monica Manuel, M.S., Pre-doctoral Intern
- Team provides weekly staff consultation and treatment recommendations for students who present to the Counseling Center and Psychiatry for substance-related issues, whether voluntarily or mandated
- Recommendations are based on DSM-V diagnostic criteria and the American Society for Addiction Medicine's Criteria, developed in 2013

GTCC AOD Clinical Services



- Universal screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment
 - All clients complete the Alcohol Use Disorders Test, Counseling Center Assessment of Psychological Symptoms, and answer questions about other drug use at intake
 - Clinicians receive ongoing training related to assessment, brief intervention and referrals to AOD services
- Group Therapy
 - "Seeking Balance" is offered to those Counseling Center clients who are seriously considering making a change with regard to their alcohol and/or other drug use; there is no expectation of abstinence
- Individual Therapy
 - For those clients with mild substance use disorders who may be effectively served within the Counseling Centers' brief therapy model (up to 16 sessions); often recommended in conjunction with group therapy
- Mandated Alcohol and Other Drug Evaluations
 - Require 3 appointments: Testing, Face-to-Face Evaluation, and Feedback + Recommendations
- Referrals to higher levels of care

Why assess every client?



- "Alcohol and other drug (AOD) use is so widespread in clinical populations that practitioners can assume it may be an issue even in the absence of warning signs. AOD use needs to be ruled out, not in."
- "For many patients with mild to moderate problems with AOD, a little attention to the problem goes a long way because the therapist is in a prime position to do early intervention."
- "AOD use influences feeling states and behavior long before people meet criteria for addiction"
 - ~Margolis & Zweben, 2011, p. 3



WHY ASSESS EVERY CLIENT?

"ADDICTION IS A PRIMARY,
CHRONIC DISEASE OF BRAIN
REWARD, MOTIVATION, MEMORY
AND RELATED CIRCUITRY."



Consistently High Rates of heavy alcohol Use in the College Population

Campus Rates of Alcohol Use (National Data, 2011-2013; N=143,191):

- 69 % of students have used alcohol in the past 30 days
- 44 % of students have consumed alcohol in a high-risk way (5+ drinks) in last 2 weeks
- 62 % of students under 21 have used alcohol in past 30 days

Campus Rates of Drug Use (National Data, 2011-2013; N=143,191):

- 32 % of students have used marijuana in the past year
- 19 % of students are current marijuana users (have used within the past 30 days)
- 12 % of students have used other illegal drugs (not including marijuana) in the past year
- 6 % of students are current other illegal drug users
 - -Most commonly used other illegal drugs in the past 30 days: amphetamines (diet pills, speed); designer drugs (Molly) though heroin abuse is increasing
 - -Core Alcohol and Other Drug Survey, The Core Institute: http://core.siu.edu/_common/documents/2011%20-%202013.pdf

Negative Consequences



- 32 % of students endorsed public misconduct at least once during the past year (DUI, fights/ arguments, vandalism, trouble with police)
- 80 % of the time, alcohol was involved in unwanted sex
- 60 % of the time, alcohol was involved in physical violence
- 22 % of students reported serious personal problems (suicidality, sexual assault, trying unsuccessfully to stop using) at least 1 time in the past year due to drinking or drug use

-Core Alcohol and Other Drug Survey, The Core Institute, 2013



Discrepancy between perception and harm

% of students who acknowledged having a problem with alcohol

16%

% self-reported consequences related to drinking

- 50% neglected responsibilities
- 42% had academic setbacks
- 39% developed a tolerance
- 37% drove after drinking 2+ drinks
- 36% blacked out
- 34% noticed change in personality
- 30% passed out
- 16% went to school or work high/ drunk





 Screenings and Brief Interventions have strong evidence of effectiveness (Tier 1 NIAAA strategy)

HOW TO CONDUCT A BRIEF INTERVENTION



- Educate clients about high-risk drinking behaviors and whether their use patterns are consistent with high-risk or low-risk use – in an empathic and nonjudgmental way
- Encourage low-risk drinking behaviors
- Refer for alcohol or other drug focused treatment interventions in-house or in community before treating other issues

NIDA's Principles of effective treatment



- No single treatment is appropriate for all;
- Treatment needs to be readily available;
- Effective treatment attends to the multiple needs of the individual;
- Treatment plans must be assessed and modified continually to meet changing needs;
- Remaining in treatment for an adequate period of time is critical for effectiveness;
- Counseling and other behavioral therapies are critical components of effective treatment;
- Medications are an important element of treatment for many patients;

Principles of effective treatment, continued



- Co-existing disorders should be treated in an integrated way;
- Medical detox is only the first stage of treatment;
- Treatment does not need to be voluntary to be effective;
- Possible drug use during treatment must be monitored continuously
- Treatment programs should assess for HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis B & C, Tuberculosis and other infectious diseases and help clients modify at-risk behaviors
- Recovery can be a long-term process and frequently requires multiple episodes of treatment

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What we do



- Help students achieve growth and success in their recovery and academically
 - Weekly Recovery Seminar
 - On-Campus AA Meeting ("Buzzed on Service")
 - Sober Social Events
 - Weekly breakfasts
 - Dedicated study space (GTCC conference room) Monday-Friday evenings
 - Graduation Receptions
 - National Recovery Month Events
- Participating students must have a demonstrated commitment to their own recovery process and be willing to support their peers in recovery through program activities.

Our values



- Wellness through sober and healthy living
- Academic Excellence
- Leadership and civic engagement
- Connection through meaningful relationships

Student data and feedback



- What has been the most rewarding part of your participation?
 - Support, friendships, accountability, building community
 - "The on-campus AA Meeting has solidified my recovery this semester and helped me see the solution to this disease."
- How has being part of the CRP benefited your recovery?
 - I have been given access to counselors with relevant training and experience
 - I have "accountabilibuddies" that help me work through problems that come up.
- What have you learned about yourself over the past semester?
 - "Every day is a challenge, and I have to make a decision not to use or drink. I need this group to help me feel safe on campus and to maintain my sobriety."
 - "Extended time in sobriety has not reduced the need for constant review and reinforcement of recovery practices."

Student data and feedback



- All students said the CRP "moderately" or "very much" helped them to focus on maintaining sobriety.
- All students said that participation in the CRP "very much" provided sober social support.
- All students identified the on-campus AA meeting as "very important."

Examples of Campus Collaboration



- AOD Task Force
 - Sanctioning Model
 - Good Samaritan Provision
- National Recovery Month programming
- Dean of Students referrals
- Screening Days

NIAAA AIM ACTIVITY







STRATEGY PLANNING WORKSHEET

Use this worksheet or download a copy to capture your thoughts about your current strategies and new ones you'd like to explore. Keep in mind:

Priorities: Which alcohol-related issues are of most concern to your campus? Make sure your school's needs and goals are well defined, and keep them front and center as you fill in the worksheet. Effectiveness: Does research show that your current strategies are effective in addressing your priority issues? Might others be more effective?

Balance: Realistically assess what you can do with your available resources. Strike a balance, if possible, between individual- and environmental-level strategies, and between strategies that will face few barriers and can be put in place quickly and others that may take longer to implement. Consider the financial cost relative to the program's expected effectiveness and the approximate percentage of the student body that the strategy will reach.

CURRENT STRATEGIES							
Strategy Name (and the IND or ENV identifier from CollegeAIM, if applicable)	Individual or Environmental?		CollegeAIM Ratings				Notes and Next Steps: Keep as is? Modify to boost effectiveness? Add complementary strategies? Shift to more effective options?
	✓ <u>IND</u>	✓ <u>ENV</u>	Effectiveness	Cost	Barriers	Reach: Broad or Focused (% of students)	
IND-1 Information/Knowledge/Education	✓		Х	\$\$	#	Broad	Presentations
IND-21 Personalized feedback intervention	✓		***	\$	#		e-check up
IND-9 IND-12 Skills training, Alcohol Focus	✓		***	\$\$	##	Focused	Therapy Group / CHOICES
IND-16 Brief motivational intervention	✓		***	\$\$	##	Focused	
IND-17 Multi Component Education Focus	✓		***	\$\$\$	#	Broad	AlcoholEdu
IND-19 Personalized Feedback Intervention	✓		?	\$	#	Broad	College Response
POSSIBLE NEW STRATEGIES							
Strategy Name (and the IND or ENV identifier from CollegeAIM)	Individual or Environmental?		College AIM Ratings			gs	Notes and Next Steps: Staff training or hiring needed? Other resources? Does the strategy require a plan for conducting an outcome evaluation?
	✓ <u>IND</u>	✓ <u>ENV</u>	Effectiveness	Cost	Barriers	Reach: Broad or Focused (% of students)	



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